

Indicator	Date/Date Range	Data Type	Data			
			Ethiopia	Kenya	Sudan	Uganda
Other Diseases, Conditions & Risk Indicators						
Percent With Water	2006	%	42%	57%	70%	64%
Access to Sanitation	2006	%	11%	42%	35%	33%
Population Undernourished	2003-2005	%	46%	32%	21%	15%
Child Malnutrition	Data From Most Recent Year Available	%	34.6% (2005)	16.5% (2003)	38.4% (2000)	19.0% (2001)
Programs, Funding & Financing						
Health Expenditure Per Capita	2005	\$	\$20	\$95	\$54	\$130
Demography & Population						
Population	2008	#	82,544,840	37,953,840	40,218,456	31,367,972
Death Rate	2008	Rate per 1,000	11.83	10.30	13.64	12.32
Infant Mortality Rate	2008	Rate per 1,000	82.64	56.01	86.98	65.99
Under-Five Mortality Rate	2006	Rate per 1,000	123	121	89	134
Income & The Economy						
GDP Per Capita	Data From Most Recent Year Available	\$	\$700.00 (2007 est.)	\$1,700.00 (2007 est.)	\$1,900.00 (2007 est.)	\$1,000.00 (2007 est.)

Notes, Definitions, and Sources

All data are drawn directly from GlobalHealthFacts.org, the Kaiser Family Foundation's continuously updated online resource for global health data by country.

Other Diseases, Conditions & Risk Indicators

Percent With Water

Notes: NA

Definitions: Population With Sustainable Access to an Improved Water Source: the percentage of the population with sustainable access to an improved water source (household connections, public standpipes, boreholes, protected dug wells, protected springs and rainwater collection). Unimproved sources include vendors, bottled water, tanker trucks, and unprotected wells and springs.

Sources: WHO and UNICEF, Joint Monitoring Programme for Water Supply and Sanitation [online database], available at:

<http://www.wssinfo.org/en/wecome.html>. See also WHO Statistical Information System (WHOSIS) available at: <http://www.who.int/whosis/en/> and WHO, World Health Statistics 2008, available at: <http://www.who.int/whosis/whostat/2008/en/index.html>.

Access to Sanitation

Notes: NA

Definitions: Population With Sustainable Access to Improved Sanitation: the percentage of the population with access to adequate excreta disposal facilities, such as a connection to a sewer or septic tank system, a pour-flush latrine, a simple pit latrine or a ventilated improved pit latrine. An excreta disposal system is considered adequate if it is private or shared (but not public) and if it can effectively prevent human, animal and insect contact with excreta.

Sources: WHO and UNICEF, Joint Monitoring Programme for Water Supply and Sanitation [online database], available at:

<http://www.wssinfo.org/en/wecome.html>. See also WHO Statistical Information System (WHOSIS) available at: <http://www.who.int/whosis/en/> and WHO, World Health Statistics 2008, available at: <http://www.who.int/whosis/whostat/2008/en/index.html>.

Population Undernourished

Notes: Data refer to the average for the years specified.

Definitions: Undernourished Population: individuals whose food intake is chronically insufficient to meet their minimum energy requirements.

Sources: Food and Agricultural Organization of the United Nations (FAO), Food Security Statistics, Prevalence of Undernourishment in Total Population [online database], available at:

http://www.fao.org/faostat/foodsecurity/index_en.htm.

Child Malnutrition

Notes: NA

Definitions: Prevalence of Child Malnutrition: the percentage of children under age five whose weight for age is more than two standard deviations below the WHO Child Growth Standards median.

Sources: WHO Statistical Information System (WHOSIS), available at:

<http://www.who.int/whosis/en/>, and WHO, World Health Statistics 2008, available at: <http://www.who.int/whosis/whostat/2008/en/index.html>.

Programs, Funding & Financing

Health Expenditure Per Capita

Notes: NA

Definitions: Health Expenditure Per Capita (PPP US\$): The sum of public and private health expenditure (in PPP US\$) divided by population. Health expenditure includes the provision of health services, family planning activities, nutrition activities and emergency aid designated for health, but excludes the provision of water and sanitation. PPP: Purchasing

power parity (PPP) is a comparison of economies based on standardized international dollar price weights, rather than official currency exchange rates.

Sources: WHO Statistical Information System (WHOSIS), available at: <http://www.who.int/whosis/en/>, and WHO, World Health Statistics 2008, available at: <http://www.who.int/whosis/whostat/2008/en/index.html>.

Demography & Population

Population

Notes: Data are estimates from the U.S. Bureau of the Census based on statistics from population censuses, vital statistics registration systems, or sample surveys pertaining to the recent past and on assumptions about future trends. The global population includes the populations of countries not listed in the above table. The population for Svalbard and Jan Mayen Islands includes data from Svalbard; the population for Jan Mayen Islands is zero. The populations of the West Bank and Gaza were added together. Population numbers for the Christmas Islands and Cocos (Keeling) Islands are based on July 2007 estimates.

Definitions: NA

Sources: CIA, The 2008 World Factbook, available at: <https://www.cia.gov/library/publications/the-world-factbook/>.

Death Rate

Notes: A combined estimate is not available for West Bank and Gaza. West Bank's death rate is 3.70 deaths/1,000 population; Gaza's death rate is 3.53 deaths/1,000 population.

Definitions: Death Rate: the average annual number of deaths during a year divided by the population at midyear (also known as crude death rate). It is expressed per 1,000 population.

Sources: CIA, The 2008 World Factbook, available at: <https://www.cia.gov/library/publications/the-world-factbook/>.

Infant Mortality Rate

Notes: A combined estimate is not available for West Bank and Gaza. West Bank's infant mortality rate is 16.51 deaths per 1,000 live births; Gaza's infant mortality rate is 19.00 deaths per 1,000 live births.

Definitions: Infant Mortality Rate: the number of infant deaths in a given year divided by the number of live births in the same year. It is expressed per 1,000 live births. Infants are defined as less than one year of age.

Sources: CIA, The 2008 World Factbook, available at: <https://www.cia.gov/library/publications/the-world-factbook/>.

Under-Five Mortality Rate

Notes: NA

Definitions: Under-Five Mortality Rate: the probability of a child born in a specific year or period dying before reaching the age of five, if subject to age-specific mortality rates of that period. It is expressed per 1,000 live births.

Sources: WHO Statistical Information System (WHOSIS), available at: <http://www.who.int/whosis/en/> and WHO, World Health Statistics 2008, available at: <http://www.who.int/whosis/whostat/2008/en/index.html>.

Income & The Economy

GDP Per Capita

Notes: GDP estimates are expressed on a purchasing power parity (PPP) basis and divided by population as of 1 July for the same year.

Definitions: GDP: Gross Domestic Product (GDP) is the value of all final goods and services produced within a nation in a given year. PPP: Purchasing power parity (PPP) is a comparison of economies based on standardized international dollar price weights, rather than official currency exchange rates.

Sources: CIA, The 2008 World Factbook, available at:
<https://www.cia.gov/library/publications/the-world-factbook/>.